Fast Human MAPT/Tau (Total) ELISA Cat. # T3295

For the quantitative determination of human Tau (Total) concentrations in CSF, blood and cell culture supernates.

It makes the assay simple, easy, accurate and fast.

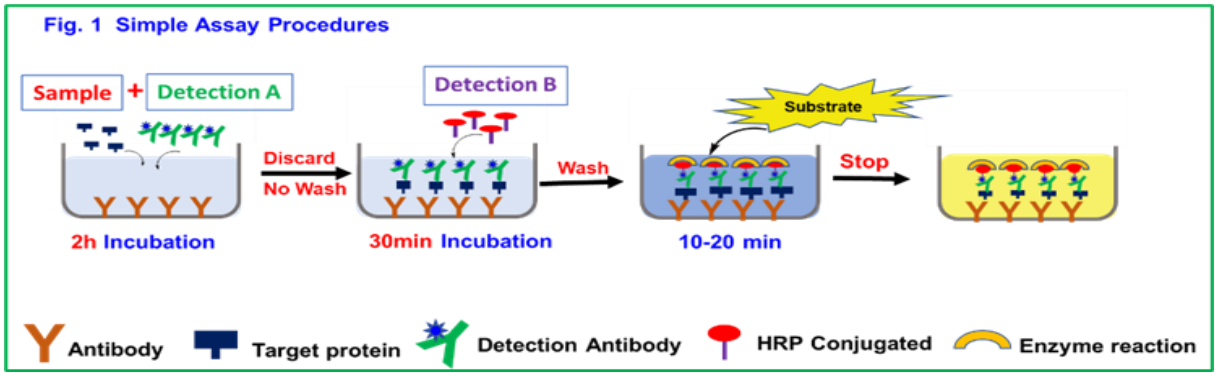
INTRODUCTION

Tau is the major microtubule associated protein (MAP) of a mature neuron. An established function of MAPs is their interaction with tubulin and promotion of its assembly into microtubules and stabilization of the microtubule network. In Alzheimer disease (AD) brain tau protein concentration is increased more for several times than the normal adult brain. The quantitative detection of tau protein concentration can be assistant to patient selection for clinical studies and the development of new drugs and diagnostics for AD.

Fast Human Tau (Total) ELISA is designed to quantitatively detect human Tau (Total) levels in CSF, serum, plasma, and other biological samples. This kit uses our novel proprietary approaches to combine samples and detections into a one-step instead of the complicated traditional methods. It makes the assay simple, easy, accurate and fast. The Hands-on time can be within 2 hours, instead of 4-5 hours (Fig. 1). The detection range is from 2000 to 8 pg/mL. The levels of human Tau (Total) protein in samples are parallel to the standard curves obtained using the kit standards linearly. Therefore, the kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural human Tau (Total) protein.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique (See Fig. 1). A monoclonal antibody specific for human tau protein was pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards or samples and Detection Antibody are pipetted into the wells, and concurrently incubated for 2 hours. Then, just aspirate each well, no wash, directly add Streptavidin-HRP, incubate the complex. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody and samples, an **ultra-sensitive TMB substrate solution** is added to the wells for color develops. The color intensity is in proportion to the amount of bound in the initial step. The intensity of the color is measured by plate read at 450 nm.



KIT CONTENT AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

PART	PART#	DESCRIPTION	STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED
Human Tau (Total) Microplate	T3295A	96 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a monoclonal antibody specific for human	Return unused wells to the foil pouch. Reseal along entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2-
Human Tau (Total)Standard	T3295B	30 µl of Recombinant human Tau (Total) (100 ng/mL).	Aliquot and store at -20 ℃ for up to 1 month in a manual defrost freezer. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Detection A	T3295C	2.1 ml of human Tau (Total) Detection antibody.	May be stored for up to 3 months at 2-8 °C.
Detection B	T3295D	12 ml of Streptavidin-HRP	
Assay Diluent	T3295E	12 ml of a buffered protein base with preservatives.	
Wash Buffer	T3000W	12 ml of concentrated solution (10x).	

TMB Substrate	T3000T	12 ml of ultra-sensitive TMB substrate.
Stop Solution	T3000S	6 ml of 2 N sulfuric acid.

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 ℃. Do not use past kit expiration date.
The kit contains sufficient materials to run an ELISA on one 96 well plate.

PRECAUTIONS

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

REAGENT PREPARATION

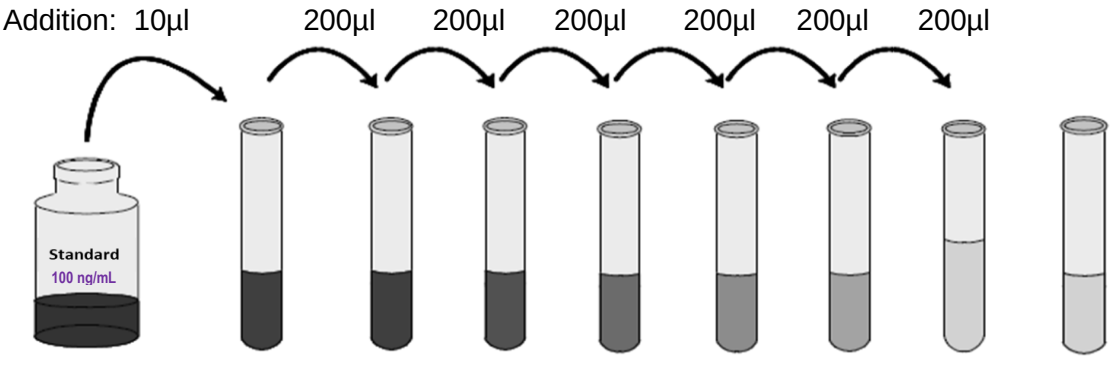
Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Wash Buffer: Add 12 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (10x) to 108 mL of deionized distilled water to prepare 120 mL of Wash Buffer (*If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved).*

Human Tau (Total) Standard Preparation: Label test tubes as #1 through #8. Pipet 490 µL of 1x Assay Diluent into tube #1, and 300 µL into tubes #2 to #8 **as diagram below.**

1. Add 10 µL of the Human Tau (Total) Standard stock solution (100 ng/mL) to tube #1 and mix.
2. Make 2.5x serial dilutions of the standard using the Tube#1(2000 pg/mL standard solution) from Tube #2 through #7 with sequential transfer of 200 µL to the next concentration. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The standard concentration in tube 1 through 7 will be 2000, 800, 320, 128, 51.2, 20.48 and 8.192 pg/mL. Tube# 8 is Standard 0.

Fig.2 Diagram for Human Tau (Total)standard preparation



	Std1	Std2	Std3	Std4	Std5	Std6	Std7	Std8
Assay Buffer (µL)	490	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
Addition	Stock	Std1	Std2	Std3	Std4	Std5	Std6	
Addition Vol. (µL)	10	200	200	200	200	200	200	0
Final Conc (pg/mL)	2000	800	320	128	51.2	20.48	8.192	0

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all standards, controls, and samples be assayed in duplicate.

1. Add 80 µL of standard, sample, or control per well.
2. Add 20 µL of **Detection A** to the above standard and sample of each well, thoroughly mix. Cover with the adhesive sealer. Incubate at **RT for 2 hours**.
3. Aspirate each well (no wash). Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
4. Add 100 µL of Detection B to each well. Incubate at **RT for 1 hour**.
5. Aspirate each well, and wash for 3 times by filling each well with 300 µL Wash Buffer (*Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance*). After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
6. Add 100 µL of **TMB Substrate** to each well. Incubate **at RT for 10-20min** (*Protect from light*). The color becomes blue.
7. Add 50 µL of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color in the well should change from blue to yellow (gently

tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing).

8. Determine the optical density of each well within 20 minutes, using a microplate reader at 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

Create a standard curve using computer software capable of generating a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the Y-axis against the concentration on the X-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the human concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve(R^2=1.000) is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. Fig. 3 is an example of typical Data.

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose (MOD) of human tau total is typically 200 pg/ml.
The Intra-assay CV and the Inter-assay CV are <10%.

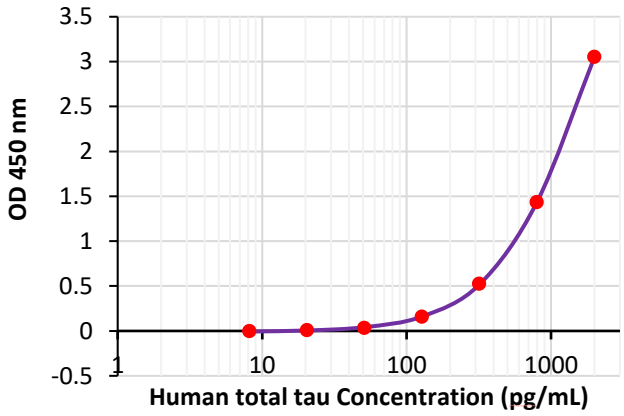
SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant human tau total.
No cross-reactivity with others.

RELATIVE PRODUCTS

Human IL-1ß ELISA (T3219)
Human IL-2 ELISA (T3220)
Human IL-4 ELISA (T3221)
Human IL-6 ELISA (T3223)
Human IL-7 ELISA (T3224)
Human IL-8 ELISA (T3225)
Human IL-10 ELISA (T3226)
Human IL-13 ELISA (T3227)
Human IL-17 ELISA (T3228)
Human IL-22 ELISA (T3229)
Human IL-33 ELISA (T4245)
Human VASN ELISA (T4246)
Human IFN-gamma ELISA (T3230)
Human TGF- ß1 ELISA (T3232)
Human GM-CSF ELISA (T3233)
Human MIP-1α ELISA (T3234)
Protein Cell Lysis Buffer (catalog# T5001)
Protein Assay Kit (Catalog# T2005)
TMB Substrate System (Catalog# T5021)
Human p-Tau-181 ELISA (T3294)
Human Thr231 (p-T231) ELISA (T3296)
Human Thr217 (p-T217) ELISA (T3293)

Fig.3 Human total tau Standard Curve



This product is for research use only. Not for use in any diagnostic procedures.