# Fast Human Phospho-Tau Thr181 ELISACat. # T3294For the quantitative determination of human p-Tau-181 concentrations in<br/>serum, plasma, CSF, and cell culture supernates.It makes the assay simple, easy, accurate and fast.

# INTRODUCTION

Phospho-tau181 (p-Tau-181) is one of the most robust plasma biomarkers for Alzheimer's disease. Blood p-Tau-181 can predict tau and amyloid  $\beta$  pathologies, differentiate Alzheimer's disease from other neurodegenerative disorders, and identify Alzheimer's disease across the clinical continuum. Blood p-tau181 could be used as a simple, accessible, and scalable test for screening and diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease.

Fast Human Phospho Tau Thr181 (p-Tau-181) ELISA is designed to quantitatively detect human p-Tau-181 levels in serum, plasma, CSF, and other biological samples. The main feature is that the kit uses our novel proprietary approaches to combine samples and detections into a one-step instead of the complicated traditional methods. It makes the assay simple, easy, accurate and fast. The hands-on time can be less than 2 hours, instead of 4-5 hours (Fig. 1). The detection range is from 0.3 to 243 ng/mL. The levels of human p-Tau-181 samples are parallel to the standard curves obtained using the kit standards linearly. Therefore, the kit can be used to determine relative mass values for natural human p-Tau-181 protein. The kit contains sufficient materials to run an ELISA on one 96 well plate.

# PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique (See Fig. 1). A polyclonal antibody specific for human p-Tau-181 was pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards or samples and Detection Antibody are pipetted into the wells, and concurrently incubated for 3 hours. Then, just aspirate each well, no wash, directly add Secondary Antibody, incubate the complex. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody and samples, an **ultra-sensitive TMB substrate solution** is added to the wells for color develops. The color intensity is in proportion to the amount of bound in the initial step. The intensity of the color is measured by plate read at 450 nm.

Fig.1



#### KIT CONTENT AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

| PART                          | PART#  | DESCRIPTION   | STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED   |
|-------------------------------|--------|---|--|
| Human p-Tau-181<br>Microplate | T3294A |   | Return unused wells to the foil pouch. Reseal along the entire edge of the zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month |
| Human p-Tau-181<br>Standard   | T3294B | 50 μl of Recombinant human p-tau181 standard<br>(2.43 μg/mL). | Aliquot and store at -20 °C for up to 1 month in a manual defrost the freezer. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.    |
| Detection A                   | T3294C | 2.1 ml of human p-Tau-181 biotinylated Detection              |  |
| Detection B                   | T3294D | 12 ml of streptavidin HRP.                                    |  |
| Assay Diluent                 | T3294E | 12 ml of a buffered protein base with preservatives.          | May be stored for up to 3 months at 2-8 °C.  |
| Wash Buffer                   | T3000W | 12 ml of concentrated solution (10x).                         |  |
| TMB Substrate                 | Т3000Т | 12 ml of ultra-sensitive TMB substrate.                       |  |
| Stop Solution                 | T3000S | 6 ml of 2 N sulfuric acid.                                    |  |

Store the unopened kit at 2-8 °C. Do not use kit that expired.

# PRECAUTIONS

Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

# REAGENT PREPARATION

# Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

**Wash Buffer:** Add 12 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate (10x) to 108 mL of deionized distilled water to prepare 120 mL of Wash Buffer (*If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved*).

Human p-tau181 Standard Preparation: Label test tubes as #1 through #8. Pipet 270 µL of 1x Assay Diluent into tube #1, and 200 µL into tubes #2 to #8 as diagram below.

**1.** Add 30 µL of the Human p-Tau-181 Standard stock solution (2.43 µg/mL) to tube #1 and mix.

**2.** Make 3x serial dilutions of the standard using the Tube#1(243 ng/mL standard solution) from Tube #2 through #7 with sequential transfer of 100  $\mu$ L to the next concentration. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The standard concentration in tube 1 through 7 will be 243, 81, 27, 9, 3, 1 and 0.33 ng/mL. Tube# 8 is Standard 0.



# ASSAY PROCEDURE

# Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use. It is recommended that all standards, controls, and samples be assayed in duplicate.

- 1. Add 80 µL of standard, sample, or control per well.
- 2. Add 20 µL of **Detection A** to the above standard and sample of each well, thoroughly mix. Cover with the adhesive sealer. Incubate at **RT for 3 hours**.
- 3. Aspirate each well (no wash). Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 4. Add 100 µL of Detection B to each well. Incubate at RT for 1 hour.
- 5. Aspirate each well, and wash for 3 times by filling each well with 300 µL Wash Buffer (*Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance*). After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 6. Add 100 μL of **TMB Substrate** to each well. Incubate **at RT for 10-20min** (*Protect from light*). The color becomes blue.
- 7. Add 50  $\mu$ L of **Stop Solution** to each well. The color in the well should change from blue to yellow (gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing).
- 8. Determine the optical density of each well within 20 minutes, using a microplate reader at 450 nm. If

wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate. Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

#### CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample subtract the average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

Create a standard curve using computer software capable of generating a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the Y-axis against the concentration on the X-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the human concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

#### TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve ( $R^2$ =1.000) is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. Fig. 3 is an example of typical Data.

#### SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose (MOD) of human is typically 200 pg/ml. The Intra-assay CV and the Inter-assay CV are <10%.

#### **SPECIFICITY**

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant human pTau-181. No cross-reactivity with others.

#### **RELATIVE PRODUCTS**

Human p-Tau-217 ELISA (T3293) Human Total Tau ELISA (T3295) Human p-Tau-231 ELISA (T3296) Human IL-2 ELISA (T3220) Human IL-4 ELISA (T3221) Human IL-6 ELISA (T3223) Human IL-7 ELISA (T3224) Human IL-8 ELISA (T3225) Human IL-10 ELISA (T3226) Human IL-13 ELISA (T3227) Human IL-17 ELISA (T3228) Human IL-22 ELISA (T3229) Human IL-33 ELISA (T4245) Human IFN-gamma ELISA (T3230) Human TGF- ß1 ELISA (T3232) Human GM-CSF ELISA (T3233) Human MIP-1 $\alpha$  ELISA (T3234) Protein Cell Lysis Buffer (catalog# T5001) Protein Assay Kit (Catalog# T2005) TMB Substrate System (Catalog#T5021)



This product is for research use only. Not for use in any diagnostic procedures.